

BB-5417-5418

B. E. III (Sem. VI) (E & C) Examination May/June - 2006 Satellite Communication

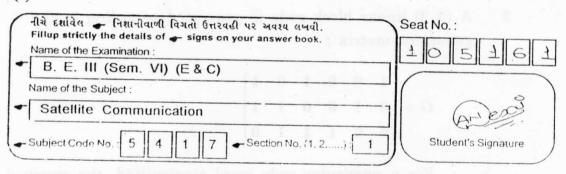
Time: 3 Hours]

[Total Marks: 100

BB-5417

Instructions:

(1)

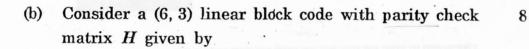


- (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (3) All symbols carry usual notation.
- (4) Assume suitable data if found necessary, clearly indicating assumption made.
- 1 (a) Describe the information of an event in brief. Also explain mutual information.
 - (b) Define the following terms:

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- (i) True anomaly
- (ii) Mean anomaly
- (iii) Retrograde orbit
- (iv) Inclination.
- (c) Explain Geo-stationary orbit conceptually.
- 2 (a) A zero memory source emits messages \mathbf{m}_1 and \mathbf{m}_2 8 with probability 0.2 and 0.8 respectively. Find the optimum binary code (hyffman) for its third order (N=3) extrusion. Find word length and efficiency of the same.



$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (i) Find generator matrix G.
- (ii) Find the code word for data bit 101.

OR

A (6, 3) linear block code is generated according to the generator matrix:

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$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

For a particular code word transmitted, the received code word is 100011. Find the corresponding data word transmitted using any method you know. Clearly mention the method you select.

3 Attempt any three:

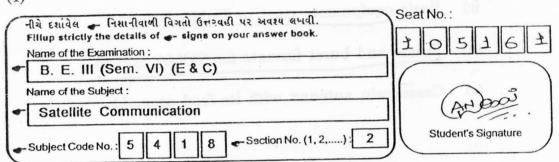
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- (a) Convolutional codes
- (b) Principle of operation of MSK
- (c) NLA-QAM modulators
- (d) DQPSK demodulator
- (e) Differential encoder & decoder for QPSK and OK-QPSK modems.

BB-5418

Instructions:

(1)



- (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (3) All symbols carry usual notation.
- (4) Assume suitable data if found necessary, clearly indicating assumption made.
- 4 (a) What is the importance of unique word in TDMA 10 frame? Discuss unique code detection and determine the miss probability for N = 40, E = 5, $P = 10^{-3}$
 - (b) Describe the classification of earth station antennas on the basis of radiation system. = $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{40!}{6!(35!)}$
- 5 (a) Explain the importance of LNA in satellite earth station.
 - (b) Explain the <u>demand assigned FDMA</u> system used in 8 SCPC-FDMA digital satellite system.
 - (c) Concept of CDMA and its subsets.

OR

5 (a) Explain basic TDMA architecture. Show the TDMA 10 frame organization and satellite channels in INTELSET-V TDMA systems.

(b) Explain reference burst used in TDMA.

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- (a) Multiple access schemes used in satellite communication.
- (b) SCPC channeling scheme for 36 MHz transponder.
- (c) Basic equipments used in TDMA system.
- (d) Frame and burst formats for TDMA system.
- (e) Cassegrain antenna with its feed assembly.